

IN THE CLAIMS

Please amend the claims as follows:

1. (original) A method of decentralized medium access control in a communications network consisting of a plurality of stations, wherein - a sending station transmits a reservation request for a future transmission to an intended receiving station, said intended receiving station being in a reception range of said sending station, said reservation request signalling reservation information including starting point and duration of the transmission, defining a time period of said future transmission, and, in case of a multi-channel system, frequency or code of the channel of said future transmission, so establishing a reservation, and - stations active in said reception range overhear said reservation request and other stations than said intended receiving station perform the actions of storing said reservation information locally and defer from medium access during the time period and on the channel of the future transmission.

2. (original) The method of claim 1, wherein - said intended receiving station acknowledges said reservation request by returning a message repeating said reservation information; and - other stations than the intended receiving station active in the

reception range for transmissions of said receiving station perform the actions of storing said reservation information locally and defer from medium access during the time period and on the channel of the future transmission upon overhearing said acknowledgement message.

3. (original) The method of claim 1, wherein said reservation request is transmitted piggy-back to a data packet in a frame or in another signalling frame.

4. (original) The method of claim 3, wherein said acknowledgement message is transmitted piggy-back in an acknowledgement frame of said data packet or another data packet.

5. (original) The method of claim 1, wherein said reservation request includes information on the priority or priority class of said future transmission, said priority information being used in that - active stations in said reception range of said sending station replace an existing reservation information stored for the respective time period by new reservation information of a most recently received reservation request, if the existing reservation request has a lower priority than the most recently received reservation request; and - the station that has been previously

allocated the channel for the respective time period withdraws or delays its future transmission, if the most recently received reservation has a higher priority.

6. (original) The method of claim 1, wherein said acknowledgement message includes information on the priority or priority class of said future transmission, said priority information being used in that - active stations in said reception range of said receiving station replace an existing reservation information stored for the respective time period by new reservation information of a most recently received reservation request, if the existing reservation request has a lower priority than the most recently received reservation request; and - that station that has been previously allocated the channel for the respective time period withdraws or delays its future transmission, if the most recently received reservation has a higher priority.

7. (currently amended) The method of claim ~~1~~^{or 2}, wherein several periodic transmissions are signalled by a single reservation request and - a time period derived from reservation information of a reservation request of a first future transmission being interpreted as period also of the following future transmissions, and - stations active in said reception range

overhear said reservation request and other stations than said intended receiving station perform the actions of storing said reservation information locally and defer from medium access during all signalled time periods on all respective channels of the future transmissions.

8. (original) The method of claim 1, wherein the signalled starting point of said future transmission is defined relatively to a specific point in time associated with the reservation request message, like e.g. the beginning or end of the sending time or the beginning or end of the time slot of said reservation request, so that no global synchronization of clocks is required.

9. (original) The method of claim 1, wherein said specific point in time, which serves as reference point for the definition of the starting time of the future transmission, is defined relatively to the beginning of the reservation request message and signalled inside the reservation request message.

10. (original) The method of claim 2, wherein - the starting point of the future transmission signalled in the acknowledgement message is defined relatively to the beginning or end of the sending time or the beginning or end of the time slot as a time

base of said acknowledgement message and - adapting starting point information from said sending station to the time base of said acknowledgement message.

11. (original) The method of claim 1, wherein collisions of reservation requests are resolved by a collision resolution mechanism.

12. (original) The method of claim 1, wherein a reservation request of shorter duration of transmission replaces an existing reservation of longer duration of transmission.

13. (original) The method of claim 1, wherein reservation information of a most recent reservation request replaces an existing reservation if the most recent reservation request has an earlier due time than the existing information.

14. (original) The method of claim 1, wherein - said sending station transmits a revocation message to said intended receiving station for the purpose of deleting one or several of its reservation requests; and - stations active in the reception range for transmissions of said sending station overhear said revocation message and other stations than said intended receiving station

locally delete the corresponding reservation information.

15. (original) The method of claim 1, wherein - said intended receiving station acknowledges said revocation message by returning a message repeating said revocation information; and - other stations than the intended receiving station active in the reception range for transmissions of said receiving station perform the actions of locally deleting the reservation information corresponding to the revocation information.

16. (original) The method of claim 1, wherein - a station broadcasts a copy of its locally stored reservation information; and - stations active in the reception range for transmissions of said station compare the received reservation information with their locally stored information and add missing reservations to their locally stored reservation information.

17. (original) A communications network consisting of a plurality of stations, including - a sending station which transmits a reservation request for a future transmission to an intended receiving station, said intended receiving station being in a reception range of said sending station, said reservation request signalling reservation information including starting point and

duration of the transmission, defining a time period of said future transmission, and, in case of a multi-channel system, frequency or code of the channel of said future transmission, so establishing a reservation, and - stations active in said reception range which overhear said reservation request, wherein other stations than said intended receiving station perform the actions of storing said reservation information locally and defer from medium access during the time period and on the channel of the future transmission.

18. (original) The communications network of claim 17, characterized in that - said intended receiving station acknowledges said reservation request by returning a message repeating said reservation information; and - other stations than the intended receiving station active in the reception range for transmissions of said receiving station perform the actions of storing said reservation information locally and defer from medium access during the time period and on the channel of the future transmission upon overhearing said acknowledgement message.

19. (original) The communications network of claim 17, characterized in that said reservation request includes information on the priority or priority class of said future transmission, said priority information being used in that - active stations in said

reception range of said sending station replace an existing reservation information stored for the respective time period by new reservation information of a most recently received reservation request, if the existing reservation request has a lower priority than the most recently received reservation request; and - the station that has been previously allocated the channel for the respective time period withdraws or delays its future transmission, if the most recently received reservation has a higher priority.

20. (original) The communications network of claim 17, characterized in that said acknowledgement message includes information on the priority or priority class of said future transmission, said priority information being used in that - active stations in said reception range of said receiving station replace an existing reservation information stored for the respective time period by new reservation information of a most recently received reservation request, if the existing reservation request has a lower priority than the most recently received reservation request; and - that station that has been previously allocated the channel for the respective time period withdraws or delays its future transmission, if the most recently received reservation has a higher priority.

21. (original) The communications network of claim 17, characterized in that several periodic transmissions are signalled by a single reservation request wherein a time period derived from reservation information of a reservation request of a first future transmission being interpreted as period also of the following future transmissions, and - stations active in said reception range overhear said reservation request and other stations than said intended receiving station perform the actions of storing said reservation information locally and defer from medium access during all signalled time periods on all respective channels of the future transmissions.

22. (original) The communications network of claim 17, characterized in that - said sending station transmits a revocation message to said receiving station for the purpose of deleting one or several of its reservation requests; and - stations active in the reception range for transmissions of said sending station overhear said revocation message and other stations than said intended receiving station locally delete the corresponding reservation information.

23 (original) The communications network of claim17, characterized in that - said intended receiving station

acknowledges said revocation message by returning a message repeating said revocation information; and - other stations than the intended receiving station active in the reception range for transmissions of said receiving station perform the actions of locally deleting the reservation information corresponding to the revocation information.

24. (original) The communications network of claim17, characterized in that - a station broadcasts a copy of its locally stored reservation information; and - stations active in the reception range for transmissions of said station compare the received reservation information with their locally stored information and add missing reservations to their locally stored reservation information.

25. (original) A station which transmits a reservation request for a future transmission to an intended receiving station, said reservation request signalling reservation information including starting point and duration of the transmission, defining a time period of said future transmission, and, in case of a multi-channel system, frequency or code of the channel of said future transmission, so establishing a reservation.